

## П2. Таблицы интегралов.

### П2.1. Сингулярные интегралы.

| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^{2\pi} u(\varphi) \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} d\varphi$ $u(\varphi + 2\pi) = u(\varphi)$ |                                        |                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|
| $u(\varphi)$                                                                                                                         | $J(\varphi_0)$                         | Номер формулы в тексте |
| 1                                                                                                                                    | 2                                      | 3                      |
| 1                                                                                                                                    | 0                                      | 2.19                   |
| $e^{ik\varphi}$<br>$k \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$                                                                                | $2\pi i \frac{ k }{k} e^{ik\varphi_0}$ | 2.20                   |
| $\cos k\varphi$<br>$k = 0, 1, \dots$                                                                                                 | $-2\pi \sin k\varphi_0$                | 2.22                   |
| $\sin k\varphi$<br>$k \in \mathbb{N}$                                                                                                | $2\pi \cos k\varphi_0$                 | 2.23                   |

| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^\pi \frac{1}{\cos \varphi_0 - \cos \varphi} u(\varphi) d\varphi$ |                                               |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1                                                                                       | 2                                             | 3         |
| 1                                                                                       | 0                                             | 2.42+2.26 |
| $\cos n\varphi$<br>$n = 0, 1, \dots$                                                    | $-\pi \frac{\sin n\varphi_0}{\sin \varphi_0}$ | 4.19      |

| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^\pi \frac{\sin \varphi}{\cos \varphi_0 - \cos \varphi} u(\varphi) d\varphi$ |                       |           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1                                                                                                  | 2                     | 3         |
| $\sin n\varphi$<br>$n \in \mathbb{N}$                                                              | $\pi \cos n\varphi_0$ | 2.43+2.29 |

|                                                                                                                                  |                                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| $J(\theta_0) = \int_{-l}^l u(\theta) \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\pi}{2l} (\theta - \theta_0) d\theta$ $u(\theta + 2l) = u(\theta)$ |                                                            |
| $u(\theta)$                                                                                                                      | $J(\theta_0)$                                              |
| $l$                                                                                                                              | $2$                                                        |
| $1$                                                                                                                              | $0$                                                        |
| $e^{i\lambda_n\theta}$<br>$\lambda_n = \frac{\pi n}{l}, n \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$                                        | $2li \frac{ \lambda_n }{\lambda_n} e^{i\lambda_n\theta_0}$ |
| $\cos \lambda_n\theta$<br>$n = 0, 1, \dots$                                                                                      | $-2l \sin \lambda_n\theta_0$                               |
| $\sin \lambda_n\theta$<br>$n \in \mathbb{N}$                                                                                     | $2l \cos \lambda_n\theta_0$                                |

|                                                                                      |                    |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| $J(t_0) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{u(t)}{t - t_0} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1 - t^2}}$ $-1 < t_0 < 1$ |                    |        |
| $u(t)$                                                                               | $J(t_0)$           | $3$    |
| $1$                                                                                  | $0$                | $4.20$ |
| $T_n(t)$<br>$n \in \mathbb{N}$                                                       | $\pi U_{n-1}(t_0)$ | $4.21$ |

|                                                                              |                 |        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|
| $J(t_0) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{u(t)}{t - t_0} \sqrt{1 - t^2} dt$ $-1 < t_0 < 1$ |                 |        |
| $l$                                                                          | $2$             | $3$    |
| $U_{n-1}(t)$<br>$n \in \mathbb{N}$                                           | $-\pi T_n(t_0)$ | $4.27$ |

|                                                                 |                                                |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------|
| $J(x_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{F(x)dx}{x - x_0}$       |                                                |      |
| $J(x_0) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{F(x_0 + x) - F(x_0 - x)}{x} dx$ |                                                |      |
| $F(x)$                                                          | $J(x_0)$                                       | 3    |
| 1                                                               | 0                                              | П1.2 |
| $e^{i\lambda x}$<br>$\lambda \in R \setminus \{0\}$             | $i \frac{ \lambda }{\lambda} e^{i\lambda x_0}$ | П1.4 |
| $\cos \lambda x$<br>$\lambda \geq 0$                            | $-\sin \lambda x_0$                            | П1.5 |
| $\sin \lambda x$<br>$\lambda > 0$                               | $\cos \lambda x_0$                             | П1.6 |

## П2.2. Интегралы с логарифмическими ядрами.

|                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                    |      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^{2\pi} \ln \left  \sin \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} \right  u(\varphi) d\varphi$                                                                                     |                                    |      |
| $J'(\varphi_0) = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} u(\varphi) d\varphi$                                                                            |                                    | 3.24 |
| $\int_0^{2\pi} \ln \left  \sin \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} \right  u'(\varphi) d\varphi = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} u(\varphi) d\varphi$ |                                    | 3.11 |
| $u(\varphi)$                                                                                                                                                                                 | $J(\varphi_0)$                     | 3    |
| 1                                                                                                                                                                                            | $-2\pi \ln 2$                      | 3.20 |
| $e^{in\varphi}$<br>$n = \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$                                                                                                                                                 | $-\frac{\pi}{ n } e^{in\varphi_0}$ | 3.17 |
| $\cos n\varphi$<br>$n = 1, 2, \dots$                                                                                                                                                         | $-\frac{\cos n\varphi_0}{n}$       | 3.18 |
| $\sin n\varphi$<br>$n = 1, 2, \dots$                                                                                                                                                         | $-\frac{\sin n\varphi_0}{n}$       | 3.19 |

|                                                                       |                           |      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| $J(t_0) = \int_{-1}^1 \ln  t - t_0  u(t) \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}$     |                           |      |
| $J'(t_0) = -\int_{-1}^1 \frac{u(t)}{t - t_0} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}$ |                           | 4.38 |
| $u(t)$                                                                | $J(t_0)$                  | 3    |
| 1                                                                     | $-2\pi \ln 2$             | 4.31 |
| $T_n(t)$<br>$n = 1, 2, \dots$                                         | $-\frac{\pi}{n} T_n(t_0)$ | 4.34 |

### П2.3. Гиперсингулярные интегралы.

|                                                                                                                          |                           |      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{u(\varphi)d\varphi}{2 \sin^2 \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2}}$                         |                           |      |
| $J(\varphi_0) = \int_0^{2\pi} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} u'(\varphi) d\varphi$                     |                           | 6.3  |
| $J(\varphi_0) = \frac{d}{d\varphi_0} \int_0^{2\pi} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{\varphi - \varphi_0}{2} u(\varphi) d\varphi$ |                           | 6.16 |
| $u(\varphi)$                                                                                                             | $J(\varphi_0)$            | 3    |
| $e^{ik\varphi}$<br>$k \in Z$                                                                                             | $-2\pi k e^{ik\varphi_0}$ | 6.6  |
| $\cos k\varphi$<br>$k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$                                                                                  | $-2\pi k \cos k\varphi_0$ | 6.7  |
| $\sin k\varphi$<br>$k \in N$                                                                                             | $-2\pi k \sin k\varphi_0$ | 6.8  |

|                                                                          |                       |      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| $J(t_0) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{u(t)}{(t-t_0)^2} \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$            |                       |      |
| $J(t_0) = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\left( u(t)\sqrt{1-t^2} \right)'}{t-t_0} dt$ |                       | 6.22 |
| $J(t_0) = \frac{d}{dt_0} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{u(t)}{t-t_0} \sqrt{1-t^2} dt$ |                       | 6.26 |
| $u(t)$                                                                   | $J(t_0)$              | 3    |
| $U_{n-1}(t)$<br>$n \in N$                                                | $-\pi n U_{n-1}(t_0)$ | 6.24 |