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Social security as a subject of human geography research study

Abstract: This article deals social security as a subject of human geography research study. The publication focuses on the social, economic, geoecological, information, mental and cultural components of social development of Ukraine. The main social problems and scientific aspects of social security in Ukraine are considered.

Keywords: social security; social, economic, geoecological, information, mental and cultural components of a sociogeoprocess, Ukraine.

Research relevance. Today the social security problem in Ukraine is one of the most current. First of all, Ukrainian statehood formation occurs in very complex internal and national conditions. They are characterized by political instability, lack of clearly defined social policy, crisis in economic and financial systems. As a result, it leads to social stratification and glaring social inequality, mass poverty and unequal income distribution, high inflation rate, corruption expansion, dysfunctional and outdated health care organization, shadowing of the production and service economy sectors, the growth of urban and rural population social inequality, worsening of demographic and gender issues, very uneven access of different population groups to the material and spiritual resources of society and imperfect social insurance system. Further still, a host of other social problems, which need an urgent solution, emerge annually.

Another consideration, the scientific information base for concepts and state social security programs developing has not been organized yet. Despite the fact that the Constitution of Ukraine declares the right of each citizen to a full and complete satisfaction of social needs, the social development legal framework is very disobedient and fragmented. Thus, the Ukraine National Security Concept (1997) identifies a number of key trends of state social security policy [10]. It involves taking timely measures for crisis demographic processes counteraction; creation of an effective social security system, protection and restoration of physical and mental health. The concept guarantees legal development stimulation and ensures the full protection of the educational and cultural potential of Ukraine. However specific measures on this issue in other acts of law either not provided, or provided but not performed. The legislative action's infirmness proof is a social tension increase in the regions of Ukraine. Therefore, the population social security level is an important stability indicator in the country.

In view of the aforesaid, it can be affirmed that investigation of social security state and

processes of its formation and development is an extremely important scientific and practical problem that is already the spotlight of scientists from different fields of science, including social geography. In our opinion the main point in addressing the problem of social security is a region, where are equally facing national and local interests. Therefore regional social security research is the most relevant and important.

The main material. In general, social security is an important component of a national security. Many aspects of social security depend on the state of economic development of society, social infrastructure level, healthcare, public security system, national defense capacity, ability to withstand natural and man-made disasters and catastrophes, etc.

In a globalized world international cooperation and communication gain a considerable significance. The most striking example is fighting international terrorism, which is under the influence of globalization becomes a threatening global phenomenon. Due to the international terrorism activity over the past decade, many countries of the international commonwealth strengthen anti-terrorism efforts, creating a tougher legal framework, proper military and police forces, coordinate their actions within the international anti-terrorist organizations, support other countries in dealing with the consequences of terrorist acts, etc. This suggests that anti-terrorism measures also become global and should contribute to a social security of the population of the world.

Another example of globalization in social security maintenance is an international activity in solving a food problem, which is also becoming more acute. A problem of drinking water shortage, which feel more than 1.5 billion Earth inhabitants, is of significant importance. Undoubtedly, in the nearest future this aspect of society life will be the most significant and will require an active participation of international community, because natural and geographical conditions of many world regions do not allow countries to solve this problem alone. Equal attention should be paid to food providing, since today's technologies and agricultural potential of the biosphere draws nearer to the critical point in this respect.

International community is anxious about social security status in many countries. Most fundamentally it is expressed in the concept of sustainable development, which is currently the main international matching document. It declares the principles of human development aimed at meeting the social needs of present and future generations and providing living conditions of the Earth's biosphere in a self-recovery status. To solve this issue, a global system of sustainable development indicators, which plays a significant role in social development, was created. On its basis in many countries national systems of sustainable development indicators was elaborated. They are also focused on social problems diagnosis. Unfortunately, after almost 20 years since the concept adopted, we failed to create a common scientific implementation mechanism - every country which takes care, has own vision of the problem solving, although there are planetary problems, including climate change so leading countries are trying to solve them together.

So, over the past decade, attention of scientists from different fields of science to social security issue has increased. Thus, there are a lot of well-known researches in philosophy, sociology, public administration and economics, which consider some social security aspects, for example, A. Dzyuban (2005), p Breus (2007) Kotelyanets A. (2010), p Tseuh (2010), Jaremenko L. (2010), Starodub T. (2005) J. Kovaleskoyi (2005), Y. Bondarenko (2008), Ishchenko G. (2009), Grydzhuk I. (2009), O. Afenkinoyi (2010), I. Novikova (2008), Chukhno I. (2010), AN Tkachev (2009), Keretsmana V. (2005), L. Rybczynski (2010), Obodtsya R. (2007), G. Sytnyk (2004) Tarabanovskoho V. (2009), Kolosyuk A. (2009), Semenchenko A. (2008), Kotkovskoho V. (2007), M. Panchenko (2009), O. Melnichenko (2010), I. Nikitin (2010) O. Zbaraschuka

(2009), V. Shkaberina (2006) Melenyuk V. (2010), Sobchenko V. (2005), V. Makarenko (2005) Kokovskiy L. (2008), G. Shchokina (2002) and other.

To the author's knowledge, various aspects of social security has been investigated in human geography from the point of view of Z. Herasymchuk, M. Dolishnij, V. Kutsenko [1], E. Libanova [2], N. Mezenceva [4], K. Mezentsev [3], L. Niemets [6, 7], K. Niemets [5], L. Novikova [8], Ya. Oliynyk, V. Palamarchuk, M. Pistun, A. Stepanenko [8], V. Steshenko, A. Khomra, A. Shabliy, A. Shtelmakh [9] and others.

Analysis of Ukrainian scientific papers devoted to various aspects of social security issue show that phenomenon has no monosemantic understanding and may be interpreted from different standpoints. Therefore there is no comprehensive specific definition on today. The main object of socio-geographical research is sociogeosystem where as a result of ecosystem exploitation the interaction of social, economic and natural geographic processes takes place. From this perspective, in general social security can be represented as a set of social activities criteria aimed at preventing and mitigating of various life, social status, health and well-being threats and also life quality improvement as a whole. Based on the human geography approach SS can be defined as a state when society using all opportunities and mechanisms is capable to ensure the nominal quality of life, anticipate and respond promptly to all threats to life, to create favorable social development prospects of each stratum, to ensure minimal health risk, ranging from individual and local level. The results obtained by A.A. Shtelmakh (2006) suggest that social security main tend should be a social proportion backing, to be exact - different social groups income ratio, fertility and mortality, employment and unemployment, a number of people with higher education and illiterate, and so on.

Based on foregoing authors analysis and SS standards of developed countries, we can formulate the main SS state criteria as follows:

- working conditions as effective employment provision and protection of workers;
- social infrastructure merit, social services availability;
- environment cleanness, especially favorable ecological condition;
- life safety: violence and crimes against person, property and social morality preventing, terrorist threats protection, etc.;
- internationally corresponding high life quality;
- sufficient real income level;
- housing;
- poverty overcoming;
- reasonably acceptable level of social and economic inequality;
- satisfactory health status providing that does not threaten the genetic changes in subsequent generations.

In terms of social and geographical research methodology social security should be considered from two complementary viewpoints.

The first position is that the SS is a certain state of sociogeosystem (SGS). So, reasoning from the theory of system's growth and self-organizing, system changes are possible only through the process. Consequently, individual elements of region SS may be formed and changed only through the appropriate parts of sociogeoprocess (SGP), which is the starting position for the SGP management options analysis in order to achieve the desired SS level. In other words, individual financial security level is the result of economic and social components of SGP. The health status of the region is the result of social and industrial processes in the medical field, which, in turn, depend on state policy, particularly for medicine. It must be emphasized that SGS

examination at a certain time (time slices) makes it possible to evaluate SGP trends and make appropriate adjustments.

The second position comes to ensure that some SS elements are also SGP components. For example, crimes against person and society, terrorism, morality prevention represents a complex of interrelated processes which are incorporated in sociogeoprocess. Thus, the direct crime prevention requires certain preventive actions, then more general action is legal education and public awareness, and then more general processes lie in the plane of the mental attitudes formation and so on.

An integrated approach to the SS phenomenon study requires consideration and analysis of all the key security factors, so it is necessary to study SGP components as instruments of society in addressing SS issue.

Social component of a sociogeoprocess. This is the most important social security ensuring tool, which has a direct relation to individual and society life conditions formation. Social component contains the following constituents: demography, social insurance and guarantees, employment and rights, social justice, health protection and social infrastructure.

Economic component of a sociogeoprocess. In terms of socio-geographical process economics is the source of material resources of society progress. Exactly the active economic activity determines the possibility of society in its restructuring, reforming and reaching the higher development stage. SGP economic component in explicitly or implicitly way affects all SS ensuring measures. Therefore, SS as an unemployment reducing factor, which raises real incomes and purchasing power (also domestic market revival), is of great importance. It provides necessary consumer goods output and social needs satisfaction, social insurance system financial support, favorable material life conditions and so on. There are many economic activity performance indicators; they touch upon investment speed payment, and productivity growth, and production innovative capacity increase, and many other aspects of economic. In economics these aspects are sufficiently highlighted, so we do not aim to review the full economic estimates in society, just consider some elements that are important in SS terms.

Geoecological component of a sociogeoprocess. A proper natural environment maintenance is one of the major SS factors. Unfortunately, in Ukraine quite recently considerable attention has been paid to this issue. It includes environmental measures, unfavorable ecological situation prevention, and environmental disasters elimination. One of such problems is the Chernobyl disaster consequence. This problem refers not only Ukraine, but also Europe. Earthquake consequences in Japan, when Fukusimska AES was partially destroyed, show that world nuclear power concept requires a comprehensive analysis.

Atomic objects safety improvement is a direct factor of SS provision. Another acute geoecological problem is an environmental pollution. Outdated industrial technologies, neglecting the environmental safety requirements, lack of funds for toxic waste neutralization lead to the accumulation of harmful substances in the atmosphere, on the land, in surface and ground waters. The problem is very acute for Ukraine.

Mental and cultural components of a sociogeoprocess. In general, the main purpose of mental and cultural components of SGP is inward and moral life formation of a person. These two components are considered together because they are closely related and cannot be effective separately. World global processes indicate that today international (intercivilization) conflicts on religious, political, ideological, economic, ethno-cultural and linguistic grounds take place. National identity and self-determination processes, struggle for sovereignty and independence contradict trends and processes of integration and globalization. In today's complicated world a

person experience difficulties in searching, foming and defending of their positions, especially when it conflicts with dominating in society views and trends. In Ukraine these matters appear not only SS, but the state basis.

Information component of a sociogeoprocess. Every citizen is constitutionally eligible to receive information on the matters relating to his life, working conditions, wage, lifemode, environment, personal safety, etc. It is especially important in cases of natural or technological disasters, which threaten human life. Planning, making the right decisions, grasp of professional matters and many other aspects of life are almost impossible without relevant and truthful information. Whereas official information sources make it possible, media often misinforms the reader, especially when extends custom-made materials. Of course, it refers journalistic ethics, but the democratic principles require special media responsibility for the accuracy of information they submit. Every citizen should be able to defend their dignity and honor on court, if a customized discredit campaign is held against. On the other hand, media independence and the lack of censorship is a mandatory attribute of a democratic society. In transient information society citizens' information right guaranteeing gains a particular importance.

Accordingly, social openness and government transparency is an essential prerequisite for SS. Marked questions are closely related to previous EGR components, are in line with mentality that influence the ideological nature of media in particular.

Conclusion. Due to enhancing of media development in terms of globalization social space is shrinking increasingly so that an individual is being cramped. That leads to mental discomfort, emergence of conflict and stress situations. Against the growing civilizational pressure on identity aforesaid social problems are equally important. Social issues mentioned above create functional environment for vital activity of every citizen, which in general form a state of individual social security.

The problem of social security as a national security component for Ukraine is extremely important.

Economic and social upheavals that over more than 20 years accompany Ukraine sovereignty formation, have led to mass unemployment and poverty, partial loss of economic, labor and intellectual potential, worsening demographics, rising crime level and spiritual degradation of society, etc. This indicates social security degression in Ukraine and its regions. In this sense it is necessary to identify a number of aspects that should contribute to the SS level improvement.

To find a common national idea, which could be a basis for national unification and national mentality formation is extremely important for Ukraine. Remains of communist ideology, radical - nationalist ideas and progressive democratic - liberal tendencies in Ukrainian society create a complex range of public opinions, where a compromise is not found yet. Unfortunately, Ukrainian society is politicized, political opposition affects all aspects of life, which is certainly harmful to social development and prevent uniting for urgent social and political nationwide problems solving. Therefore it is important to create such social mechanisms that would make religious, ethno-linguistic, ideological and religious conflicts impossible.

The very mental component is directed to build-up the national mentality as integrated Ukrainian nation basis that can provide everyone the opportunity to feel himself a great nation representative, to perceive all the developments tolerantly, understanding that the rules of social life is the recognition of pluralism and actions within conventional morality, be oriented at dialogue rather than conflict and do everything for society benefit. The key to state unity and strength is ethno-cultural diversity, which should be provided, first of all, by the law.

Culture component can be considered as a kind of forming tool for national culture and mentality. It includes all the mechanisms of person's socialization based on national, cultural, historical traditions and human values. An important element is the education system, which should become part of the European and then the world educational space to meet these standards. The task of education is a large-scale population enlightenment, cultural illiteracy elimination, and creation opportunities for self-improvement and self-realization of each individual in science, culture and creativity. This is the key to confidence in future for everyone, opportunity to be realized in a social process. In the SS context, an educated, cultured, tolerant person always has a higher social value and therefore dominates the competition.

Consequently, today social security recovery and bringing it to European and world standards is one of the most important tasks of the state. This problem solving requires an integrated comprehensive study of social security issue, in which the leading role should belong to the social geography as an interdisciplinary science of society and nature unity.

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